



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## Book Notices.

---

### The Life of Our Lord.

*The Life of Our Lord upon the Earth, considered in its Historical, Chronological and Geographical Relations.* By Samuel J. Andrews, D. D. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. 1891. Pp. xxvii, 651. Price, \$2.50.

This is a new and thoroughly revised edition of a work published some thirty years ago. During the past generation it has ranked as one of the best of the many lives of Christ. The original aim of the author was to deal only with the external circumstances and events of Jesus' earthly career—the history, chronology and geography of the life, leaving undiscussed all questions which relate to authorship, sources and character of the documentary accounts, the relation of the Gospels to each other, archæology, verbal criticism, and the interpretation of the Lord's discourses and parables. This primal plan was carefully retained in the revision, so that the distinctive character of the work has not been altered. But the whole text has been rewritten, and improvements and extensions have been freely made. The knowledge acquired by the past thirty years has been introduced, bringing the work down to the present. Reference is made to nearly eighty new and important works upon the subject which have been issued during the time since the first edition. There are new and good maps, a fair general index, an outline harmony and chronological index of high value, a table of Scripture references, and an appendix which catalogues the miracles of the Gospels. One conspicuous merit of the edition is the throwing of the more detailed and technical discussions into smaller type than the body text, so that the general reader is largely relieved from the disputations which are necessary in such a work. Dr. Andrews has greatly improved the work for present and wide-spread use, which it will surely and deservedly receive.

### The Apocalypse.

*The Apocalypse: Its Structure and Primary Predictions.* By David Brown, D. D. New York: Christian Literature Company. 1891. Pp. xi, 224. Price, \$1.25.

The author presents for his book a claim unnecessarily modest. The work was a growth rather than the product of a carefully projected and elaborated plan, and yet it covers the ground very well. There is quite a lengthy introduction, in which the author is found to be John, the date is placed in the reign of Domitian (quite independently of the fact that the present disposition is toward the early date—68 circ.), and the design of the writing set forth. Dr. Brown's purpose was apparently to oppose the ethical or spiritual view of Revelation, which denies its predictive character as regards detailed reference to future events; he holds it to be predictive, and even points to certain events as fulfilments of these predictions. The Second Advent is regarded as post-millennial (the position taken by the author fifty years ago in a work on that subject), but it is stated that this matter is not distinctly referred to in the strictly prophetic part of the Apocalypse. The artistic structure of the book